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# **Land Tax Act**

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# Amended by the following acts

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| Passed                         | Published           | Entry into force  |
| 09.02.1994                     | RT I 1994, 13, 231  | 05.03.1994  |
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| 14.12.1994                     | RT I 1994, 94, 1609 | 29.12.1994  |
| 01.06.1995                     | RT I 1995, 54, 884  | 01.01.1996  |
| 30.04.1996                     | RT I 1996, 36, 738  | 07.06.1996, partially 01.01.1998  |
| consolidated text on paper RT  | RT I 1996, 41, 797  |   |
| 09.12.1996                     | RT I 1996, 89, 1589 | 01.01.1997  |
| 06.11.1997                     | RT I 1997, 82, 1398 | 01.01.1998  |
| 17.02.1999                     | RT I 1999, 27, 381  | 01.01.2000  |
| 08.12.1999                     | RT I 1999, 95, 840  | 01.01.2000  |
| 23.11.2000                     | RT I 2000, 95, 612  | 01.01.2001  |
| 12.12.2001                     | RT I 2001, 102, 666 | 01.01.2002  |
| 15.05.2002                     | RT I 2002, 44, 284  | 01.07.2002  |
| 22.10.2003                     | RT I 2003, 71, 472  | 01.01.2004  |
| 17.12.2003                     | RT I 2003, 88, 587  | 01.01.2004  |
| 17.12.2003                     | RT I 2003, 88, 589  | 01.01.2004  |
| 17.12.2003                     | RT I 2003, 88, 591  | 01.01.2004  |
| 23.11.2004                     | RT I 2004, 84, 572  | 01.04.2005  |
| 12.10.2005                     | RT I 2005, 57, 451  | 18.11.2005  |
| 15.11.2006                     | RT I 2006, 55, 406  | 01.01.2007  |
| 12.03.2008                     | RT I 2008, 14, 94   | 01.01.2009  |
| 10.06.2009                     | RT I 2009, 33, 211  | 02.07.2009  |
| 17.12.2009                     | RT I 2009, 65, 441  | 01.01.2010  |
| 22.04.2010                     | RT I 2010, 22, 108  | 01.01.2011, enters into force on the date which has been determined in the Decision of the Council of the European Union regarding the abrogation of the derogation established in respect of the Republic of Estonia on the basis provided for in Article 140 (2) of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, Council Decision 2010/416/EU of 13 July 2010 (OJ L 196, 28.07.2010, p. 24-26). |
| 16.06.2011                     | RT I, 08.07.2011, 7 | 01.01.2013  |
| 10.10.2012                     | RT I, 25.10.2012, 1 | 01.12.2012  |
| 07.12.2012                     | RT I, 22.12.2012, 1 | 01.01.2013, partially 01.01.2014 and 01.01.2015   |

## § 1. Land tax

- (1) Land tax is a tax based on the taxable value of land.
- (2) The taxable value of land is determined and the procedure for contestation thereof is established pursuant to the Land Valuation Act.
- (3) Land tax is calculated on the basis of information received from the corresponding local government.

#### § 2. Object of taxation

Land tax is imposed on all land, except land specified in § 4 of this Act.

#### § 3. Subject of tax

Land tax shall be paid by the owner of land or, in the case specified in § 10 of this Act, by the user of land.

#### § 4. Land exempt from tax

- (1) Land tax is not imposed on:
- i) land where economic activities are prohibited by law or pursuant to the procedure provided by law; [RT I 2008, 14, 94 entry into force 01.01.2009]
- 1<sup>1</sup>) land of strict nature reserves and special management zones of protected areas and land of special management zones of species protection sites;

[RT I 2008, 14, 94 - entry into force 01.01.2009]

- 2) land adjacent to buildings of diplomatic missions and consular representations of foreign states or parts thereof;
- 3) land in the use of a foreign state or international organisation on the basis of an agreement entered into between the Government of the Republic and the foreign state or international organisation;
- 4) cemeteries:
- 5) land under places of worship of churches and congregations;
- 6) municipal land under the jurisdiction of a corresponding local government, except in the case prescribed by § 10 of this Act;
- 7) land in public use;
- 8) land in the use of the headquarters of allied forces.

[RT I 2003, 88, 587 - entry into force 01.01.2004]

9) land in state ownership with intended purpose of public construction works land.

[RT I, 22.12.2012, 1 - entry into force 01.01.2013]

- (2) Land tax in the amount of 50 per cent of the rate of land tax is paid on land of limited management zones specified in § 31, land of special conservation areas specified in Chapter 5, land of limited management zones of species protection sites established on the basis of subsection 50 (1) and land of limited management zones of individual natural objects provided for in § 68 of Nature Conservation Act.

  [RT I 2008, 14, 94 entry into force 01.01.2009]
- (3) Tax exemption specified in clauses (1) 1), 1<sup>1</sup>) and 7) and subsection (2) of this section applies as of 1 January of the year following the creation of the basis for exemption. If the basis for exemption is created on 1 January, the tax exemption shall apply as of the same date. [RT I 2009, 65, 441 entry into force 01.01.2010]

#### § 5. Tax rate

(1) The rate of land tax shall be 0.1-2.5 per cent of the taxable value of land annually, except in the case provided for in subsection 11 (4) of this Act. The tax rate shall be established by the local government council not later than by 31 January of the taxation year. The amended tax rate shall apply as of the beginning of the taxation year.

[RT I, 08.07.2011, 7 - entry into force 01.01.2013]

(2) The local government council may establish the rate of land tax as a differentiated rate according to the value zones of land and/or types of intended use of cadastral unit within the range specified in subsection (1) of this section or subsection 11 (4) of this Act.

[RT I, 08.07.2011, 7 - entry into force 01.01.2013]

(3) If the tax rates are amended, the local government shall submit the land tax rates amended by the council to the Tax and Customs Board not later than by 1 February of the taxation year. If the amended tax rates are not submitted to the Tax and Customs Board by the specified date, land tax shall be calculated according to the rates which were valid during the previous year. The tax rates shall be published on the website of the Tax and Customs Board.

[RT I, 25.10.2012, 1 - entry into force 01.12.2012]

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- (4) Local governments shall submit amendments to information concerning owners of land and, in the case specified in § 10 of this Act, users of land and other amended information necessary for the calculation of land tax to the Tax and Customs Board by 1 February. [RT I, 25.10.2012, 1 entry into force 01.12.2012]
- (5) The list of data to be submitted and the procedure for the submission thereof shall be established by a regulation of the Minister of Finance.

# § 5<sup>1</sup>. Land tax information system

- (1) The land tax information system is a database established by the Government of the Republic, which is maintained for accounting the land tax.
- (2) The statutes of the database shall be established by a regulation of the Government of the Republic.
- (3) The data from other databases that are necessary for accounting the land tax shall be collected in the land tax information system and an environment shall be created for the local governments for the entry and amendment of the land tax source data specified in the statutes of the database.
- (4) The chief processor of the database shall be the Ministry of Finance and the authorised processor shall be the Land Board.

[RT I, 22.12.2012, 1 - entry into force 01.01.2015]

## § 6. Receipt of tax

Land tax is paid into the local government budget.

#### § 7. Payment of tax

- (1) Land tax up to 64 euros from any land located in the local government unit shall be paid by 31 March. At least half of the land tax, which exceeds 64 euros, shall be paid by 31 March, but no less than 64 euros. The remaining part of the land tax shall be paid no later than by 1 October. [RT I 2010, 22, 108 entry into force 01.01.2011]
- (2) The Tax and Customs Board shall issue a tax notice to a tax payer concerning the amount of land tax due not later than by 15 February. A land tax notice is an administrative act to which the provisions of the Taxation Act concerning notices of assessment apply, unless otherwise provided by law. A tax notice need not be signed. [RT I 2009, 65, 441 entry into force 01.01.2010]
- (2<sup>1</sup>) The Minister of Finance may, by authorisation of the Government of the Republic, enter into a contract with a legal person in private law on performance of duties related to delivery of tax notices pursuant to the Administrative Co-operation Act. The aforementioned legal person in private law is deemed to be an authorised processor of the register of taxable persons within the limits of the administrative duties of the person and the provisions of the Personal Data Protection Act apply to such person.
- (3) Land tax shall not be imposed and a tax notice shall not be issued if the amount of tax is less than 5 euros. [RT I 2010, 22, 108 entry into force 01.01.2011]
- (4) A taxpayer who has not received a land tax notice of the taxation year by 25 February is required to notify the Tax and Customs Board thereof within thirty days.

  [RT I, 25.10.2012, 1 entry into force 01.12.2012]
- (5) If a taxpayer has received no land tax notices as of the entry into force of this Act, the taxpayer is required to notify the rural municipality government or city government of the location of the land in writing or electronically of the size and intended use of the land in the ownership or use of the taxpayer.
- (6) If the interest calculated on an amount of land tax not paid by the due date is less than 5 euros, the interest shall not be calculated or claimed.

  [RT I 2010, 22, 108 entry into force 01.01.2011]

#### § 7<sup>1</sup>. Electronic delivery of land tax notices

Land tax notices shall be delivered electronically through the e-Tax Board to users of the e-service of the Tax and Customs Board who have provided their e-mail address. The tax authority shall submit to the person's e-mail address provided to the tax authority the information concerning the availability of the tax notice in the e-Tax Board.

[RT I 2009, 65, 441 - entry into force 01.01.2010]

#### § 8. Creation of tax liability

- (1) Land tax liability is created on 1 January of the current year, and tax notice shall be issued to a person who as at 1 January is the owner, superficiary or usufructuary of the immovable based on the data in the land register.
- (2) Provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall apply to the right of use specified in § 10 of this Act not recorded in the land register, taking into account the validity of the agreement on the right of use as at 1 January of the taxation year.

[RT I 2009, 65, 441 - entry into force 01.01.2010]

# § 9. Supervision of payment of tax

Payment of land tax is supervised by the Tax and Customs Board. [RT I 2003, 88, 591 - entry into force 01.01.2004]

#### § 10. Tax liability of user of land

(1) Unless land use is re-registered pursuant to the procedure prescribed by the Land Reform Act, the land use shall be paid by users of land.

[RT I 2006, 55, 406 - entry into force 01.01.2007]

- (2) Upon the encumbrance of land with a right of superficies or a usufruct, land tax shall be paid by the superficiary or usufructuary.
- (3) If an immovable in state or municipal ownership is granted for the extraction of mineral reserves, land tax shall be paid by the person who obtains the right to use land.

## § 11. Tax incentives

- (1) Land owners or land users specified in § 10 of this Act shall be exempt from the obligation to pay land tax on residential land or profit-yielding land in the ownership or use of such persons in the part of the land use type of yard land to the extent of 0.15 hectares in cities, cities without municipal status, towns, small towns and areas designated densely populated areas by a comprehensive plan by a local government or a county plan by a county governor and to the extent of 2.0 hectares elsewhere if the person's residence is in the building located on this land pursuant to the residence data entered in the population register.
- (2) The residential land of a building association shall be exempt from the obligation to pay land tax to the proportional part of the contribution of such members of the building association who are natural persons and whose residence pursuant to the residence data entered in the population register is in the building located on this land to the extent of 0.15 hectares in cities, cities without municipal status, towns, small towns and areas designated densely populated areas by a comprehensive plan by a local government or a county plan by a county governor and to the extent of 2.0 hectares elsewhere per each member of the building association compliant with the above characteristics.
- (3) If the land is part of joint or common ownership, the joint owners or co-owners shall be exempt from the obligation to pay land tax on the terms and conditions specified in subsection (1) of this section on residential land or profit-yielding land in the part of the land use type of yard land to the total extent of 0.15 hectares in cities, cities without municipal status, towns, small towns and areas designated densely populated areas by a comprehensive plan by a local government or a county plan by a county governor and to the total extent of 2.0 hectares elsewhere. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to owners of apartment ownership. [RT I, 22.12.2012, 1 entry into force 01.01.2013]
- (3<sup>1</sup>) If the border of a densely populated area designated by a comprehensive plan by a local government or a county plan by a county governor passes through a cadastral unit, the tax incentive specified in subsections (1)–(3) of this section shall be applied to residential land or profit-yielding land in their use in the part of the land use type of yard land as follows:
- 1) to the extent of 0.15 hectares if the major part of a cadastral unit is located in a densely populated area; 2) to the extent of 2.0 hectares if the major part of a cadastral unit is located outside a densely populated area. [RT I, 22.12.2012, 1 - entry into force 01.01.2013]
- (3<sup>2</sup>) If a division line between settlement unit passes through a cadastral unit, the tax incentive specified in subsections (1)–(3) of this section shall be applied to residential land or profit-yielding land in their use in the part of the land use type of yard land as follows:
- 1) to the extent of 0.15 hectares if the major part of a cadastral unit is located in cities, cities without municipal status, towns, small towns or densely populated areas;
- 2) to the extent of 2.0 hectares if the major part of a cadastral unit is located outside of cities, cities without municipal status, towns, small towns or densely populated areas.

  [RT I, 22.12.2012, 1 entry into force 01.01.2013]
- (4) The rate of land tax for areas under cultivation and for natural grasslands shall be 0.1 to 2.0 per cent of the taxable value of the land annually.

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- (5) Local governments may additionally exempt recipients of pensions paid on the basis of the State Pension Insurance Act from the obligation to pay land tax on residential land or profit-yielding land in their use in the part of the land use type of yard land to the extent of 0.15 hectares in cities, cities without municipal status, towns, small towns and areas designated densely populated areas by a comprehensive plan by a local government or a county plan by a county governor.
- (6) Local governments may additionally exempt repressed persons and persons treated as repressed persons as defined in the Persons Repressed by Occupying Powers Act from the obligation to pay land tax on residential land or profit-yielding land in their use in the part of the land use type of yard land.
- (7) An executive body of the local government shall decide on granting the tax exemption provided for in subsections (5) and (6) of this section on the basis of a written application of the applicant to the extent and pursuant to the procedure established by the local government council.
- (8) The tax exemption provided for in subsection (1) of this section applies as of 1 January of the year following the creation of the basis for exemption. If the basis for exemption is created on 1 January, the tax exemption shall apply as of the same date.

  [RT I, 08.07.2011, 7 entry into force 01.01.2013]

# § 11<sup>1</sup>. Calculation of tax exemptions and tax incentives

- (1) If the land exempt from tax specified in subsections 4 (1) and (2) of this Act or area with tax incentive specified in subsections 11 (1)–(3), (5) and (6) of this Act is smaller than the whole plot of land, each of such tax exemptions and tax incentives shall be calculated on the taxable value of the whole plot of land proportionally to the ratio of such land exempt from tax or area with tax incentive in the area of the whole plot of land.
- (2) If the tax exemption specified in subsection 4 (1) of this Act or tax incentive specified in subsections 11 (1)–(3), (5) and (6) of this Act is related to the intended purpose of land or land use type, each of such tax exemptions and tax incentives shall be calculated on the taxable value of the area with the respective intended purpose or land use type of the whole plot of land proportionally to the ratio of the land exempt from tax or area with tax incentive in the whole area with the respective intended purpose or land use type.
- (3) In case of occurrence of several tax exemptions specified in subsections 4 (1) and (2) of this Act or tax incentives specified in subsections 11 (1)–(3), (5) and (6) of this Act on the same taxable plot of land, the tax exemptions and tax incentives shall be totalled.

  [RT I, 22.12.2012, 1 entry into force 01.01.2015]

# § 12. Liability of taxpayer

- (1) Taxpayers are liable for violation of this Act pursuant to law.
- (2) [Repealed RT I 1994, 94, 1609 entry into force 29.12.1994]

# § 13. Entry into force of Act

- (1) This Act enters into force as of 1 July 1993.
- (2) The procedure for implementation of this Act is established by the Minister of Finance.
- (3) Land tax for the second half of 1993 shall be paid not later than by 15 November 1993.